

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q/A

AMENDMENT NO. 1

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-6780

RAYONIER INC.

Incorporated in the State of North Carolina
I.R.S. Employer Identification Number 13-2607329

50 North Laura Street, Jacksonville, FL 32202
(Principal Executive Office)

Telephone Number: (904) 357-9100

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

As of July 31, 2002, there were outstanding 27,752,168 Common Shares of the Registrant.

FORM 10-Q/A

Rayonier Inc. (the Company) is amending its 2002 quarterly Form 10-Q reports following the consolidation of two third-party wood chip manufacturers previously accounted for as unconsolidated suppliers, as disclosed in Note 20-Restatements in the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 21, 2003. The restatement for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, as disclosed in Note 2-Restatements herein, involved reclassifying \$0.3 million from cost of sales to interest expense and adding \$13.6 million to assets and debt. Net income and earnings per share for the periods have not changed due to the restatements. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 and as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 are restated herein.

RAYONIER INC.
FORM 10-Q/A
JUNE 30, 2002

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item I. Financial Statements

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME
(Unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2
SALES	\$ 269,276	\$ 336,705	\$537,980	\$606,000
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
Cost of sales	220,513	262,475	449,551	486,822
Selling and general expenses	10,361	9,635	21,816	17,193
Other operating income, net	(1,363)	(81)	(793)	(551)
	229,511	272,029	470,574	503,464
OPERATING INCOME	39,765	64,676	67,406	102,536
Interest expense	(15,344)	(17,843)	(30,817)	(37,067)
Interest and miscellaneous (expense) income, net	(45)	737	331	214
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS, BEFORE TAX	24,376	47,570	36,920	65,683
Provision for income taxes	(6,783)	(16,082)	(10,350)	(22,060)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	17,593	31,488	26,570	43,623
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Note 6)				
Loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$3,260	(1,743)	—	(1,743)	—
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense of \$373, \$176, \$739 and \$387	392	(25)	816	92
(LOSS) INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(1,351)	(25)	(927)	92
NET INCOME	16,242	\$ 31,463	25,643	43,715
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Unrealized gain on hedged transactions, net of income tax expense of \$280, \$0, \$474 and \$0	497	—	843	—
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 16,739	\$ 31,463	\$ 26,486	\$ 43,715
EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE				
BASIC EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.97	\$ 1.61
Discontinued operations	(0.05)	—	(0.04)	—
Net income	\$ 0.59	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.93	\$ 1.61
DILUTED EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.14	\$ 0.94	\$ 1.58
Discontinued operations	(0.05)	—	(0.04)	0.01
Net income	\$ 0.57	\$ 1.14	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.59

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars)

	June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,691	\$ 14,123
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,931 and \$3,392	100,246	101,480
Inventory		
Finished goods	64,363	55,530
Work in process	9,279	8,570
Raw materials	9,603	9,636
Manufacturing and maintenance supplies	17,179	17,274
Total inventory	100,424	91,010
Notes receivable	50,500	—
Timber purchase agreements	18,003	18,996
Other current assets	8,544	9,451
Total current assets	316,408	235,060
OTHER ASSETS	74,061	77,448
TIMBER, TIMBERLANDS AND LOGGING ROADS, NET OF DEPLETION AND AMORTIZATION	1,048,324	1,131,723
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land, buildings, machinery and equipment	1,408,627	1,402,450
Less—accumulated depreciation	845,010	806,514
Total property, plant and equipment, net	563,617	595,936
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,002,410	\$ 2,040,167
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 66,273	\$ 65,247
Bank loans and current maturities	3,490	10,690
Accrued taxes	18,324	13,606
Accrued payroll and benefits	12,945	14,471
Accrued interest	26,179	6,391
Accrued customer incentives	7,049	12,935
Other current liabilities	18,539	17,360
Current reserves for dispositions	15,230	15,310
Total current liabilities	168,029	156,010
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	133,737	131,723
LONG-TERM DEBT	778,541	854,270
NON-CURRENT RESERVES FOR DISPOSITIONS	149,909	153,394
OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	39,359	35,976
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Shares, 60,000,000 shares authorized, 27,747,168 and 27,345,395 shares issued and outstanding	77,213	59,721
Retained earnings	655,481	649,775
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	141	(702)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	732,835	708,794
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 2,002,410	\$ 2,040,167

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2,001
	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 26,570	\$ 43,623
Non-cash items included in income:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	81,775	98,375
Deferred income taxes	(3,269)	(703)
Non-cash cost of land sales	3,273	8,170
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	7,373	(33)
Change in accounts receivable, inventory and accounts payable	(8,555)	(25,032)
Decrease in current timber purchase agreements and other current assets	2,626	8,388
Decrease in other assets	2,715	4,437
Increase in accrued liabilities	20,229	13,856
Expenditures for dispositions, net of tax benefits of \$1,284 and \$1,411	(2,281)	(2,370)
Cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	130,456	148,711
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures, net of sales and retirements of \$1,205 and \$237	(33,597)	(38,580)
Cash used for investing activities of continuing operations	(33,597)	(38,580)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of debt	41,110	135,000
Repayment of debt	(124,855)	(230,340)
Dividends paid	(19,937)	(19,552)
Repurchase of common shares	(1,146)	—
Issuance of common shares	13,640	4,015
Cash used for financing activities of continuing operations	(91,188)	(110,877)
CASH PROVIDED BY DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	18,897	1,035
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	24,568	289
Balance, beginning of period	14,123	9,824
Balance, end of period	\$ 38,691	\$ 10,113
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 9,707	\$ 22,587
Income taxes	\$ 8,253	\$ 14,221
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Note receivable from sale of New Zealand East Coast operations	\$ 52,500	\$ —

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these consolidated statements.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited financial statements reflect, in the opinion of Rayonier Inc. and subsidiaries (“Rayonier” or “the Company”), all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations, the financial position and the cash flows for the periods presented. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires the use of certain estimates by management (e.g., useful economic lives of assets) in determining the amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. There are risks inherent in estimating, and therefore, actual results could differ from those estimates. For a full description of the Company’s significant accounting policies, please refer to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

New Accounting Standards

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Accounting Standards No. 145, *Rescission of FASB Statements No 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections*. As allowed by the FASB, the Company early adopted the Standard on April 1, 2002. During the second quarter of 2002, the Company refinanced \$23.1 million of its revenue bonds. In accordance with the Standard, the write-off of the balance of the deferred financing fees of \$0.2 million and the premium of \$0.5 million paid upon the redemption of the original bonds were not classified as an extraordinary item in the Company’s Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income.

Reclassifications

Certain items in prior year’s condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

2. RESTATEMENTS

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002, the Company’s management determined that two third-party wood chip manufacturers, Georgia Chips and Fulghum Fibres Collins, Inc., originally accounted for since 1995 as unconsolidated suppliers of wood chips, should be consolidated within the Company’s Financial Statements. The Company had entered into agreements with these two third parties whereby they would construct and operate these wood chip processing facilities on property owned by the Company. The Company guaranteed 85% of the notes payable used to finance the construction of these facilities. This guarantee has always been disclosed in the Company’s Form 10-K filings in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Although these wood chip manufacturers have the ability and capacity to process chips for other customers, the Company has historically purchased all of the wood chips from these processing facilities.

As a result, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 have been restated from the amounts previously reported to consolidate these two wood chip manufacturers. Net income and earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 have not changed due to the restatement, as the wood chip costs had been included in cost of sales for those periods. Operating income for three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 has changed to reflect a portion of the facilities’ wood chip costs pertaining to an imputed interest charge being reclassified out of cost of sales into interest expense. Interest expense on the construction loans was indirectly passed to Rayonier through invoices for the cost of wood chips it purchased. Property, plant and equipment have been restated for an additional \$14 million and \$15 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, with a corresponding increase in debt.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

A summary of the significant effect of this restatement for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 and as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, is as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,			
	2002		2001	
	As previously reported	As restated	As previously reported	As restated
Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income				
Cost of Sales	\$ 220,763	\$ 220,513	\$ 262,781	\$ 262,475
Operating Income	39,515	39,765	64,370	64,676
Interest Expense	15,094	15,344	17,537	17,843
EPS—Basic	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.59	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.16
EPS—Diluted	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.57	\$ 1.14	\$ 1.14
	For the six months ended June 30,			
	2002		2001	
	As previously reported	As restated	As previously reported	As restated
Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income				
Cost of Sales	\$ 450,051	\$ 449,551	\$ 487,437	\$ 486,822
Operating Income	66,906	67,406	101,921	102,536
Interest Expense	30,317	30,817	36,452	37,067
EPS—Basic	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.93	\$ 1.61	\$ 1.61
EPS—Diluted	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.59
	As of June 30,		As of December 31,	
	2002		2001	
	As previously reported	As restated	As previously reported	As restated
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$ 1,377,727	\$1,408,627	\$ 1,371,550	\$1,402,450
Accumulated Depreciation	827,720	845,010	790,769	806,514
Total Assets	1,988,800	2,002,410	2,025,012	2,040,167
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	400	3,490	7,600	10,690
Long-term Debt	768,021	778,541	842,205	854,270
Total Shareholders' Equity	732,835	732,835	708,794	708,794

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

3. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table provides details of the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share (share and earnings per share amounts actual):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Income from continuing operations	\$ 17,593	\$ 31,488	\$ 26,570	\$ 43,623
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(1,351)	(25)	(927)	92
Net income	\$ 16,242	\$ 31,463	\$ 25,643	\$ 43,715
Shares used for determining basic earnings per common share	27,728,798	27,166,182	27,628,014	27,145,779
Dilutive effect of:				
Stock options	345,986	216,054	330,556	210,763
Contingent shares	250,000	202,000	250,000	202,000
Shares used for determining diluted earnings per common share	28,324,784	27,584,236	28,208,570	27,558,542
Basic earnings per common share				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.97	\$ 1.61
Discontinued operations	(0.05)	—	(0.04)	—
Net income	\$ 0.59	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.93	\$ 1.61
Diluted earnings per common share				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.14	\$ 0.94	\$ 1.58
Discontinued operations	(0.05)	—	(0.04)	0.01
Net income	\$ 0.57	\$ 1.14	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.59

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

An analysis of shareholders' equity for the six months ended June 30, 2002, and the year ended December 31, 2001, follows (share amounts actual):

	Common Shares		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Retained Earnings	Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
January 1, 2001	27,104,462	\$48,717	\$ —	\$631,384	\$ 680,101
Net income	—	—	—	57,598	57,598
Dividends paid (\$1.44 per share)	—	—	—	(39,207)	(39,207)
Issuance of shares under incentive stock plans	293,833	11,561	—	—	11,561
Unrealized gain on hedged transactions	—	—	7	—	7
Minimum pension liability adjustments	—	—	(709)	—	(709)
Repurchase of common shares	(52,900)	(2,031)	—	—	(2,031)
Tax benefit on exercise of stock options	—	1,474	—	—	1,474
	27,345,395	59,721	(702)	649,775	708,794
December 31, 2001	27,345,395	59,721	(702)	649,775	708,794
Net income	—	—	—	25,643	25,643
Dividends paid (\$0.72 per share)	—	—	—	(19,937)	(19,937)
Issuance of shares under incentive stock plans	424,673	16,265	—	—	16,265
Unrealized gain on hedged transactions, net	—	—	843	—	843
Repurchase of common shares	(22,900)	(1,146)	—	—	(1,146)
Tax benefit on exercise of stock options	—	2,373	—	—	2,373
	27,747,168	\$77,213	\$ 141	\$655,481	\$ 732,835

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Rayonier operates in three reportable segments: Performance Fibers, Timber and Land, and Wood Products and Trading.

Total assets by segment were as follows:

	June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
Performance Fibers	\$ 570,263	\$ 591,420
Timber and Land	1,187,212	1,210,676
Wood Products and Trading	200,084	205,818
Corporate and other	34,477	21,829
Dispositions	10,374	10,424
	\$ 2,002,410	\$ 2,040,167

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

The amounts and relative contributions to sales and operating income (loss) attributable to each of Rayonier's reportable segments were as follows (thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
SALES				
Performance Fibers	\$ 124,110	\$ 145,723	\$253,400	\$ 284,755
Timber and Land	58,013	109,987	119,404	171,446
Wood Products and Trading	91,249	82,626	172,881	159,244
Intersegment Eliminations	(4,096)	(1,631)	(7,705)	(9,445)
TOTAL SALES	\$ 269,276	\$ 336,705	\$537,980	\$ 606,000
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				
Performance Fibers	\$ 10,951	\$ 13,464	\$ 17,782	\$ 28,493
Timber and Land	31,643	55,763	60,955	91,947
Wood Products and Trading	(9)	(312)	(2,440)	(6,972)
Corporate and other	(2,820)	(4,239)	(8,891)	(10,932)
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME	\$ 39,765	\$ 64,676	\$ 67,406	\$ 102,536

Operating income (loss) as stated in the preceding tables and as presented in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income is equal to Segment income (loss). The income (loss) items below "Operating income" in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income are not allocated to segments. These items, which include interest (expense) income, miscellaneous income (expense) and income tax (expense) benefit, are not considered by Company management to be part of segment operations.

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the second quarter of 2002, the Company sold its New Zealand East Coast timberland operations and associated assets for \$64.4 million. At closing the Company received \$11.9 million in cash and a note receivable for \$52.5 million. The note is payable in interest-bearing monthly payments through December 30, 2002. During June 2002, the Company received its first monthly installment payment of \$2 million on the note receivable. Also, monthly payments have been and will be deposited in a trust, payable to Rayonier at December 30, 2002. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, the sale and results of operations were recorded as a discontinued operation. The Company recorded an after-tax loss from discontinued operations of approximately \$1.3 million or \$0.05 per share in the second quarter of 2002, consisting of an after-tax loss of approximately \$1.7 million from the sale, net of after-tax income from East Coast operations of \$0.4 million. The Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income, Condensed Statements of Consolidated Cash Flows and related Notes have been reclassified to present the East Coast operations as a discontinued operation. The East Coast operations and associated assets were previously reported in the Company's Timber and Land and Wood Products and Trading segments.

Operating results of the discontinued operation are summarized below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net sales	\$11,442	\$9,658	\$19,005	\$16,850
Operating income	572	153	1,365	479
Net income/(loss) from discontinued operations	392	(25)	816	92

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, which have not been reclassified, include assets and liabilities of discontinued operations as follows:

	June 30, 2002	December 31, 2001
Current assets	\$ 2,560	\$ 4,017
Long-term assets	—	65,822
Total assets	2,560	69,839
Current liabilities	1,767	1,350
Other liabilities	—	1,366
Net assets of discontinued operations	\$ 793	\$ 67,123

A provision in the Company's original agreement to purchase the East Coast property from the New Zealand government requires the Company, in the event of a sale, to guarantee five years of Crown Forest license obligations, estimated at \$1.2 million per year. However, the purchaser (Huaguang Forests Co. Limited of China) is the primary obligor and has posted a performance bond with the New Zealand government.

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company is exposed to various market risks, including changes in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The Company's objective is to minimize the economic impact of these market risks. Derivatives are used, as noted below, in accordance with policies and procedures approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors and are managed by a senior executive committee, whose responsibilities include initiating, managing and monitoring resulting exposures. The Company does not enter into such financial instruments for trading purposes.

In our New Zealand timber operations and at our New Zealand medium density fiberboard ("MDF") manufacturing facility, certain normal operating expenses, including contractor and license fees, care and maintenance of timberlands, salaries and wages, wood purchases and other production costs incurred in manufacturing MDF, are denominated in New Zealand dollars. Rayonier hedges US/New Zealand dollar currency rate-risk with respect to these operating expenditures (cash flow hedging).

In the Company's Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002, gains of approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, were recorded on foreign currency contracts reflecting primarily realized gains on contracts that matured, plus the time value changes for outstanding contracts. The Company recorded mark to market after-tax gains on foreign currency contracts of approximately \$0.8 million in "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" ("AOCI") in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2002. When the forecasted transactions come to fruition and are recorded, the amounts in AOCI are reclassified to the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income. The Company expects to reclassify this amount into earnings during the next ten months.

At June 30, 2002, the Company held foreign currency forward contracts maturing through April 2003 totaling \$11.0 million (nominal value). The largest amount of contracts outstanding during the first six months of 2002 totaled \$13.1 million (nominal value).

In March 2002, the Company entered into an interest rate swap on \$50 million of 6.15% fixed rate notes payable maturing in February 2004. The swap converts interest payments from fixed rates to floating rates and matures in February 2004. The interest rate swap qualifies as a fair value hedge under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*. As such, the net effect from the interest rate swap is recorded as part of interest expense. The swap agreement settles every May 15, and November 15, until maturity. During the second quarter, the Company's interest expense was reduced by \$0.3 million. Based upon the current interest rates for similar transactions, the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement resulted in an asset of approximately \$0.8 million and an increase in debt of approximately \$0.8 million at June 30, 2002.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)
(Dollar amounts in thousands unless otherwise stated)

8. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company considers the accounting for its environmental liabilities to be one of its critical accounting policies. Between 1985 and 1995, the Company sent contaminated soil excavated in connection with the cleanup of various closed wood processing sites to a third-party processor for recycling. The processing facility closed in 1995 and is the subject of a variety of environmental related charges by the EPA and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. Also in dispute is disposal liability for approximately 150,000 tons of recycled material from Company sites that are still owned and retained by the processor. A consent decree was entered in 1998 approving sale of the processing facility and assumption by the buyer of responsibility for movement of all remaining recycled material to a landfill. The parties have been unable to complete the sale and the consent decree was vacated in May 2002. As a result, the status of the sale of the facility and ultimate responsibility for removal and disposal of the recycled material on-site are now uncertain. There are numerous possible outcomes, including the purchase of the facility by a third-party recycler, that will determine the Company's ultimate liability, if any. None of these outcomes are considered sufficiently probable at this time to warrant the recognition of a liability in the Company's financial statements. The Company is unable to formulate a range of possible losses. As such, the final outcome could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The Company has restated its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 related to the consolidation of two-third party wood chip manufacturers as discussed in Note 2-Restatements. The MD&A gives effect to this restatement.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of Rayonier's financial statements requires estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the Company's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The Company bases these estimates and assumptions on historical data and trends, current fact patterns, expectations and other sources of information it believes are reasonable. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions. For a full description of the Company's critical accounting policies, see the Management Discussion and Analysis in the 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Segment Information

Rayonier operates in three reportable segments: Performance Fibers, Timber and Land, and Wood Products and Trading. Performance Fibers includes two business units, Cellulose Specialties and Absorbent Materials. The Timber and Land segment includes two business units, Timber and Land.

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The amounts and relative contributions to sales and operating income (loss) attributable to each of Rayonier's reportable business segments were as follows (thousands of dollars):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
SALES				
Performance Fibers				
Cellulose Specialties	\$ 86,629	\$ 95,931	\$ 177,184	\$ 185,885
Absorbent Materials	37,481	49,792	76,216	98,870
Total Performance Fibers	124,110	145,723	253,400	284,755
Timber and Land				
Timber	45,434	47,763	87,748	107,989
Land	12,579	62,224	31,656	63,457
Total Timber and Land	58,013	109,987	119,404	171,446
Wood Products and Trading	91,249	82,626	172,881	159,244
Intersegment Eliminations	(4,096)	(1,631)	(7,705)	(9,445)
TOTAL SALES	\$ 269,276	\$ 336,705	\$ 537,980	\$ 606,000
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				
Performance Fibers				
	\$ 10,951	\$ 13,464	\$ 17,782	\$ 28,493
Timber and Land				
Timber	20,889	21,420	41,619	56,762
Land	10,754	34,343	19,336	35,185
Total Timber and Land	31,643	55,763	60,955	91,947
Wood Products and Trading	(9)	(312)	(2,440)	(6,972)
Corporate and other	(2,820)	(4,239)	(8,891)	(10,932)
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME	\$ 39,765	\$ 64,676	\$ 67,406	\$ 102,536

Operating income (loss) as stated in the preceding tables and as presented in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income is equal to Segment income (loss). The income (loss) items below "Operating income" in the Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income are not allocated to segments. These items, which include interest (expense) income, miscellaneous income (expense) and income tax (expense) benefit, are not considered by Company management to be part of segment operations.

Results of Operations

Sales and Operating Income

Sales and operating income for the second quarter of 2002 of \$269 million and \$40 million, respectively, were \$67 and \$25 million lower than the comparable period in the prior year. These declines were primarily due to a major land sale in the second quarter of 2001, that contributed \$59 million in sales and \$33 million in operating income. Excluding that transaction, sales decreased due to lower Performance Fibers volume, absorbent materials prices, Southeast U.S. timber volume and Northwest U.S. timber prices, but operating income increased due to lower Performance Fibers manufacturing costs, higher routine land sales and higher Northwest U.S. timber volumes.

Sales and operating income of \$538 million and \$67 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$68 million and \$35 million lower compared to the same period in the prior year. Excluding the major land sale, sales decreased slightly due to lower Performance Fibers volume and absorbent materials prices, Southeast U.S. timber volume and U.S. timber prices, while operating income was essentially flat.

Performance Fibers

Sales for the second quarter of 2002 were \$124 million, down \$22 million from the prior year second quarter due to lower absorbent materials volume and prices and lower cellulose specialties volume partially due to higher in-transit shipments. Operating income for the second quarter of 2002 of \$11 million was \$3 million below the prior year second quarter primarily due to lower fluff pulp prices (the major component of the absorbent materials business), and volumes, partially offset by lower manufacturing costs. Fluff pulp prices are impacted by commodity market paper pulp prices, which declined during 2001 and have continued to fall during 2002 due to the sluggish global economy.

Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$253 million, \$31 million below the same period in the prior year due to lower absorbent materials prices and decreases in absorbent materials and cellulose specialties volumes. Operating income for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$18 million, \$11 million below the same period in the prior year, mainly due to lower absorbent materials prices and sales volumes, partly offset by favorable manufacturing costs.

Cellulose Specialties

Sales of \$87 million for the second quarter of 2002 were \$9 million below the prior year second quarter. While prices dropped by 1 percent, there was a 9 percent decrease in volume partly due to higher in-transit shipments. Sales of \$177 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$9 million below the same period in the prior year, primarily due to a 1 percent decrease in price and a 4 percent decrease in volume. The slight price decrease in both the second quarter and the six months ended June 30, 2002 was due to a change in product mix.

Absorbent Materials

Sales of \$37 million for the second quarter of 2002 were \$12 million lower than the prior year second quarter. The decrease was primarily due to a 15 percent decline in average fluff pulp prices and approximately 12 percent lower sales volume partially due to higher in-transit shipments. Sales of \$76 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$23 million below the same period in the prior year as prices were 17 percent lower and volumes were on average 7 percent below the six months ended June 30, 2001.

Timber and Land

Sales of \$58 million for the second quarter of 2002 were \$52 million below the prior year second quarter. The decrease was primarily due to the \$59 million major land sale that occurred in the second quarter of 2001 and slightly lower timber sales. Operating income of \$32 million for the second quarter of 2002 was \$24 million lower than the prior year second quarter due to the major land sale in 2001. Excluding the major land sale, higher volume in the Northwest U.S. and higher routine land sales in 2002 more than offset lower timber volume in the Southeast U.S. and lower prices in the Northwest U.S.

Sales and operating income of \$119 million and \$61 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$52 million and \$31 million below the same period in the prior year. These decreases were principally due to the major land sale in 2001 and lower timber prices, partly offset by higher volume in the Northwest U.S. and higher routine land sales in 2002.

Timber

Sales for the second quarter of 2002 were \$45 million, \$2 million below the prior year second quarter due to a 26 percent decrease in volume in the Southeast U.S. and a 13 percent price decrease in the Northwest U.S., partially offset by an increase in Northwest U.S. volume of 64 percent. Operating income of \$21 million for the second quarter of 2002 was essentially flat compared to the prior year second quarter. Sales of \$88 million and operating income of \$42 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$20 million and \$15 million lower compared to the same period in the prior year, respectively. The decrease in sales and operating income was due to price reductions in the Northwest and Southeast U.S. of 14 and 5 percent, respectively, as well as lower Southeast U.S. volume of 24 percent. These unfavorable variances were partly offset by higher Northwest U.S. volume of 9 percent.

Land

Sales for the second quarter of 2002 of \$13 million decreased \$50 million from the prior year second quarter and operating income of \$11 million decreased \$24 million, primarily due to the major land sale in 2001. Sales of \$32 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were down \$32 million compared to the same period in the prior year.

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Excluding the major land sale, sales and operating income improved \$27 million and \$17 million, respectively, due to higher routine land sales.

Wood Products and Trading

Sales for the second quarter of 2002 were \$91 million compared to \$83 million in the prior year second quarter. The operating results for the second quarters of both 2002 and 2001 were essentially breakeven. Sales increased due to higher lumber volume attributable to increased operating hours and improved productivity as well as favorable trading activity, partly offset by lower lumber prices compared to 2001. Second quarter 2002 lumber prices were adversely impacted as a result of Canadian producers' shipping additional lumber to the U.S. prior to the implementation of the countervailing and anti-dumping duty on Canadian shipments.

Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2002, of \$173 million were \$14 million above the same period in the prior year. The increase was due to higher prices and volumes for both lumber and medium-density fiberboard partially offset by lower trading activity. The operating loss of \$2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$5 million favorable compared to the same period in the prior year. This was due to improved trading margins and productivity, and lower lumber manufacturing costs.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and other expenses for the second quarter of 2002 were \$2 million compared to \$4 million in the prior year second quarter. The improvement resulted from the favorable impact of New Zealand foreign exchange rates and lower stock price-based incentive compensation. Corporate and other expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2002, were \$9 million, \$2 million lower than the same period in the prior year. The decrease primarily resulted from favorable New Zealand foreign exchange rates, slightly offset by higher stock price-based incentive compensation.

Other Income / Expense

Interest expense for the second quarter of 2002 was \$15 million, a decrease of nearly \$3 million from the prior year second quarter mainly due to lower debt. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$31 million compared to \$37 million for the same period in the prior year resulting from lower debt and slightly lower rates.

Interest and miscellaneous income (expense) for the second quarter of 2002 was an expense of \$0.1 million compared to income of \$0.7 million in the prior year second quarter. The unfavorable variance was due principally to \$0.5 million of expense in the second quarter of 2002 for redemption premiums paid to refinance a tax-exempt bond issue at favorable rates.

The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2002 was 27.8 percent compared to 33.8 percent for the prior year second quarter. The six months ended June 30, 2002, effective tax rate was 28.0 percent compared to 33.6 percent for the same period in the prior year. During the second quarter and the six months ended June 30, 2002, the Company's effective tax rate continued to be below the U.S. statutory and 2001 levels due to lower taxes on foreign operations.

The following table reconciles the Company's income tax provision at the U.S. statutory tax rate to the reported provision and effective tax rate for the second quarters of 2002 and 2001 (in millions):

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2002	%	2001	%
Income tax provision from continuing operations at U.S. statutory rate	\$ 8.5	35.0	\$16.6	35.0
State and local taxes, net of foreign tax benefit	0.2	0.8	0.6	1.3
Foreign operations	(1.2)	(5.1)	(0.2)	(0.5)
Foreign sales corporations	(0.8)	(3.4)	(1.2)	(2.5)
Permanent differences	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.4
Research and development tax credits, net	—	—	0.1	0.1
Income tax provision from continuing operations as reported	\$ 6.8	27.8%	\$16.1	33.8%

Income from Continuing Operations

Income from continuing operations for the second quarter of 2002 was \$18 million, or \$0.62 per diluted common share, compared to \$31 million, or \$1.14 per diluted common share, for the prior year second quarter. The decrease is primarily due to the major land sale in 2001 partially offset by higher routine land sales in 2002 and lower interest expense and corporate and other operating

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costs. Income from continuing operations of \$27 million, or \$0.94 per diluted common share, for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$17 million lower than the same period in the prior year. The decrease was due to the absence of the major land sale in 2001 and lower timber harvest volume, partially offset by higher routine land sales.

Income (loss) from Discontinued Operations

The Company had a loss of \$1.3 million or \$0.05 per share from discontinued operations in the second quarter of 2002. This consisted of income from operations of \$0.4 million and a loss of \$1.7 million on the sale of the discontinued operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2002, the loss from discontinued operations was \$0.9 million or \$0.04 per share.

Other Items

The Company expects third quarter 2002 earnings to be lower than second quarter primarily due to seasonal volume declines in the Northwest U.S. timber operations.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flow

Cash flow provided by operating activities from continuing operations of \$130 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$18 million lower than the same period in the prior year. The decrease was primarily from lower income in 2002 due to the absence of the major land sale, partially offset by lower working capital requirements. Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2002, financed capital expenditures of \$34 million, dividends of \$20 million and debt payments of \$84 million (net). Cash flow used for financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was supplemented by \$14 million in new capital from the exercise of stock options, but reflected a decrease of \$20 million from same period in the prior year due to higher debt repayments (net), in 2001. The Company repurchased 22,900 of its common shares during the six months ended June 30, 2002, for \$1.1 million. No shares were repurchased in the first six months of 2001. Cash from discontinued operations provided an additional \$19 million in 2002. On June 30, 2002, the Company had cash investments of \$30.8 million, an increase of \$25 million from year-end. The cash investments consisted of marketable securities with maturities at date of acquisition of 90 days or less.

The discussion below is presented to enhance the reader's understanding of Rayonier's ability to generate cash, its liquidity and its ability to satisfy rating agency and creditor requirements. This information includes two measures of financial results: EBITDA and Free Cash Flow. EBITDA is defined as earnings from continuing operations before significant non-recurring items, provision for dispositions, interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, depletion, amortization and the non-cash cost of land sales. Free Cash Flow is defined as EBITDA plus or minus significant non-recurring items, changes in working capital and long-term assets and liabilities (excluding the non-cash costs of land sales), less income taxes, interest expense, custodial capital spending and prior-year dividend levels. These two measures are not defined by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, ("GAAP"). The discussion of EBITDA and Free Cash Flow is not intended to conflict with or change any of the GAAP disclosures described above, but to provide supplementary information that management deems to be relevant to analysts, investors and creditors. EBITDA and Free Cash Flow as defined may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

EBITDA for the second quarter of 2002 was \$79 million, \$53 million below the prior year second quarter. The decrease was primarily due to the major land sale in 2001, which contributed \$58 million to EBITDA, plus lower absorbent materials and timber prices, lower lumber and performance fibers manufacturing costs. These decreases were partly offset by higher routine land sales and lumber prices. EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2002, was \$153 million, \$57 million below the same period in the prior year, due to the major land sale in 2001.

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Below is a reconciliation of Income from Continuing Operations to EBITDA for the respective periods (in millions except diluted per share amounts):

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2002	Per Share	2001	Per Share
Income from continuing operations	\$ 17.5	0.62	\$ 31.5	1.14
Add: Income tax expense	6.8	0.24	16.1	0.58
Interest expense	15.3	0.54	17.9	0.65
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	38.6	1.36	58.4	2.12
Non-cash cost of land sales	0.6	0.02	7.9	0.29
EBITDA	\$ 78.8	2.78	\$ 131.8	4.78

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2002	Per Share	2001	Per Share
Income from continuing operations	\$ 26.5	0.94	\$ 43.6	1.58
Add: Income tax expense	10.4	0.37	22.0	0.80
Interest expense	30.8	1.08	37.1	1.35
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	81.8	2.91	98.4	3.56
Non-cash cost of land sales	3.3	0.12	8.2	0.30
EBITDA	\$ 152.8	5.42	\$ 209.3	7.59

Free cash flow decreased \$45 million, to \$56 million for the first six months of 2002. The decrease resulted primarily from lower income in 2002 due to the absence of the 2001 major land sale and a \$24 million increase in cash and short-term investments during the six months ended June 30, 2002, over the same period in the prior year. These were partially offset by lower working capital requirements.

Below is a reconciliation of Cash Provided by Operating Activities of Continuing Operations to Free Cash Flow for the respective periods (in millions):

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2002	2001
Cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	\$ 130.5	\$ 148.7
Custodial capital spending, net	(28.1)	(27.9)
Dividends at prior year level	(19.9)	(19.6)
Tax benefit on exercise of stock options	(2.4)	—
Increase in cash and short-term investments	(24.6)	(0.3)
Free Cash Flow	\$ 55.5	\$ 100.9

Debt

At June 30, 2002, debt was \$782 million, a reduction of \$83 million from December 31, 2001, and the debt-to-capital ratio was 51.6 percent compared to 55.0 percent at December 31, 2001. Net debt, defined as debt less cash invested, was \$751 million at June 30, 2002, and the net debt-to-capital ratio was 50.6 percent. Net debt is not a measure defined by GAAP and is provided as supplementary information relevant to analysts, investors and creditors. The Company refinanced \$23.1 million of its tax-exempt revenue bonds in the second quarter of 2002.

As of June 30, 2002, Rayonier had \$300 million available under its committed revolving credit facilities. In conjunction with the Company's long-term debt, certain covenant restrictions are required on the ratio of EBITDA to interest expense and EBITDA to total debt. In addition, there are covenant requirements in effect for Rayonier Timberlands Operating Company ("RTOC") on the ratio of cash flow available for fixed charges to fixed charges and the ratio of debt to cash flow available for fixed charges. The covenants listed below are calculated on a trailing 12-month basis.

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The most restrictive long-term debt covenants in effect for Rayonier as of June 30, 2002, were as follows:

	Covenant Requirement	Actual ratio at June 30, 2002
EBITDA to consolidated interest expense should not be less than	2.50 to 1	4.34 to 1
Total debt to EBITDA should not exceed	4.00 to 1	2.81 to 1
Consolidated cash flow available for fixed charges to consolidated fixed charges should not be less than	1.65 to 1	1.98 to 1
Consolidated debt to consolidated cash flow for fixed charges may not exceed	4.25 to 1	3.63 to 1

In addition to the covenants listed above, the revolving credit agreements include customary covenants that limit the incurrence of debt, the disposition of assets and the making of certain payments between RTOC and Rayonier. The Company is currently in compliance with all of these covenants.

The Company has on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission shelf registration statements to offer \$150 million of new public debt securities. The Company believes that internally generated funds, combined with available external financing, will enable Rayonier to fund capital expenditures, share repurchases, working capital and other liquidity needs for the foreseeable future.

During the second quarter of 2002, the Company guaranteed five years of Crown forest timberland lease obligations estimated at \$1.2 million per year in conjunction with the sale of its New Zealand East Coast operations. See Note 6. "Discontinued Operations" in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the guarantee. No other material changes in guarantees or financial instruments such as letters of credit and surety bonds occurred during the first six months of 2002.

New Accounting Standards

In April 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Accounting Standards No. 145, *Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections*. As allowed by the FASB, the Company early adopted the Standard on April 1, 2002. During the second quarter of 2002, the Company refinanced \$23.1 million of its revenue bonds. In accordance with the Standard, the write-off of the balance of the deferred financing fees of \$0.2 million and the premium of \$0.5 million paid upon the redemption of the original bonds were not classified as an extraordinary item in the Company's Condensed Statements of Consolidated Income.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk

The Company is exposed to various market risks, including changes in commodity prices, foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Company's objective is to minimize the economic impact of these market risks. Derivatives are used, as noted above, in accordance with policies and procedures approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors and are managed by a senior executive committee whose responsibilities include initiating, managing and monitoring resulting exposures. The Company does not enter into financial instruments for trading purposes. See Note 7. "Financial Instruments" included in this Form 10-Q.

The fair market value of long-term fixed interest rate debt is subject to interest rate risk; however, Rayonier intends to hold most of its debt until maturity. During the first quarter of 2002, the Company entered into an interest rate swap in order to achieve a desired ratio of fixed and floating interest rates in its portfolio. As of June 30, 2002, the interest rate swap's fair market value resulted in an asset of \$0.8 million. Generally, the fair market value of fixed-interest-rate debt will increase as interest rates fall and decrease as interest rates rise.

Circumstances surrounding the Company's exchange rate risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk remain unchanged from December 31, 2001. For a full description of the Company's market risk, please refer to Item 7, *Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, in the 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Safe Harbor

Comments about market trends and anticipated earnings and sales volumes are forward-looking and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The following important factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements: changes in global market trends and world events that could impact customer demand; interest rate and currency movements; fluctuations in demand for cellulose specialties, absorbent materials, timber and wood products; the impact of such market factors on the company's timber sales in the U.S. and New Zealand; adverse weather conditions; changes in production costs for wood products and performance fibers, particularly for raw materials such as wood, energy and chemicals; unexpected delays in the closing of land sale transactions or collection of proceeds from installment sales; and implementation or revision of governmental policies and regulations affecting the environment, import and export controls and taxes. For additional factors that could impact future results, please see the Company's 2001 Annual Report on Form 10-K on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Between 1985 and 1995, the Company sent contaminated soil excavated in connection with the cleanup of various closed wood processing sites to a third-party processor for recycling. The processing facility closed in 1995 and is the subject of a variety of environmental related charges by the EPA and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality. Also in dispute is disposal liability for approximately 150,000 tons of recycled material from Company sites that are still owned and retained by the processor. A consent decree was entered in 1998 approving sale of the processing facility and assumption by the buyer of responsibility for movement of all remaining recycled material to a landfill. The parties have been unable to complete the sale and the consent decree was vacated in May 2002. As a result, the status of the sale of the facility and ultimate responsibility for removal and disposal of the recycled material on-site are now uncertain. There are numerous possible outcomes, including the purchase of the facility by a third-party recycler, that will determine the Company's ultimate liability, if any. None of these outcomes are considered sufficiently probable at this time to warrant the recognition of a liability in the Company's financial statements. The Company is unable to formulate a range of possible losses. As such, the final outcome could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company was held on May 16, 2002. At that meeting, three directors were elected as follows (there were no broker non-votes with respect to the election of directors):

	Votes For	Votes Withheld
Directors of Class II, Term Expires in 2005		
Paul G. Kirk, Jr.	22,336,331	318,640
Carl S. Sloane	22,567,146	87,825
Gordon I. Ulmer	22,395,982	258,989

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ITEM 5(a). SELECTED OPERATING INFORMATION *

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Performance Fibers				
Sales Volume				
Cellulose specialties, in thousands of metric tons	101	110	205	213
Absorbent materials, in thousands of metric tons	66	75	136	147
Production as a percent of capacity	99	98	98	98
Timber and Land				
Sales volume—Timber				
Northwest U.S., in millions of board feet	80	49	150	137
Southeast U.S., in thousands of short green tons	1,191	1,611	2,432	3,186
New Zealand, in thousands of metric tons **	168	174	289	338
Timber sales volume—Intercompany				
Northwest U.S., in millions of board feet	19	6	34	35
Southeast U.S., in thousands of short green tons	3	16	8	30
New Zealand, in thousands of metric tons **	10	9	23	25
Acres sold	3,995	57,858	22,895	58,273
Wood Products and Trading				
Lumber sales volume, in millions of board feet	86	63	165	120
Medium—density fiberboard sales volume, in thousands of cubic meters	41	39	77	76
Log trading sales volume				
North America, in millions of board feet	32	37	59	86
New Zealand, in thousands of cubic meters	85	74	160	162
Other, in thousands of cubic meters	86	109	204	232

* Prior period amounts were reclassified to reflect the New Zealand East Coast operations as discontinued operations.

** 2001 volume restated from cubic meters to metric tons.

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ITEM 5(a). SELECTED OPERATING DATA * (millions of dollars, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Geographical Data (Non-U.S.)				
Sales				
New Zealand	\$ 17.5	\$ 16.6	\$ 37.3	\$ 33.4
Other	11.5	13.2	24.8	25.2
Total	\$ 29.0	\$ 29.8	\$ 62.1	\$ 58.6
Operating income (loss)				
New Zealand	\$ 2.5	\$ (0.2)	\$ 1.9	\$ (4.6)
Other	0.4	(0.3)	(1.0)	(0.8)
Total	\$ 2.9	\$ (0.5)	\$ 0.9	\$ (5.4)
Timber and Land				
Sales				
Northwest U.S.	\$ 21.3	\$ 13.5	\$ 38.6	\$ 38.2
Southeast U.S.	33.0	91.8	68.6	123.9
New Zealand	3.7	4.6	12.2	9.3
Total	\$ 58.0	\$ 109.9	\$ 119.4	\$ 171.4
Operating income (loss)				
Northwest U.S.	\$ 15.6	\$ 8.7	\$ 28.4	\$ 28.8
Southeast U.S.	16.0	45.8	33.2	59.9
New Zealand	—	1.2	(0.7)	3.2
Total	\$ 31.6	\$ 55.7	\$ 60.9	\$ 91.9
EBITDA per Share				
Performance Fibers	\$ 1.08	\$ 1.22	\$ 1.98	\$ 2.47
Timber and Land	1.67	3.59	3.58	5.56
Wood Products and Trading	0.14	0.12	0.18	—
Corporate and other	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.32)	(0.44)
Total	\$ 2.78	\$ 4.78	\$ 5.42	\$ 7.59

* Prior period amounts were reclassified to reflect the New Zealand East Coast operations as discontinued operations.

Item 5(b). Other Information

(b) Approval of Non-Audit Services To Be Performed By Independent Auditors

At the Audit Committee's regularly scheduled August meeting, the Committee approved a budget of non-audit services to be provided by Deloitte & Touche, independent auditors, covering tax advice to expatriate employees, tax consultation on general business matters, and tax return reviews of foreign entities in the aggregate amount of \$187,000, representing 24% of the total fees anticipated, at this time, to be due Deloitte & Touche for fiscal 2002 activities (on an accrual basis).

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) See Exhibit Index
- (b) (1) Rayonier, Inc. filed a report on Form 8-K dated May 23, 2002, to announce the rescission of Arthur Andersen and the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as independent auditors for the Rayonier Investment and Savings Plan for Salaried Employees financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2001.
(2) Rayonier, Inc. filed a report on Form 8-K dated May 23, 2002, to announce the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's independent auditors for 2002.

CERTIFICATIONS UNDER EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14

I, W. L. Nutter, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Rayonier Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

Date: April 11, 2003

/s/ W. L. NUTTER

W. L. Nutter
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer,
Rayonier Inc.

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I, Gerald J. Pollack, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Rayonier Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

Date: April 11, 2003

/s/ GERALD J. POLLACK

Gerald J. Pollack
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer,
Rayonier Inc.

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>EXHIBIT NO.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
2	Plan of acquisition, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation or succession	None
3.1	Amended and restated articles of incorporation	No amendments
3.2	By-laws	Filed herewith
4	Instruments defining the rights of security holders,including indentures	Not required to be filed. The Registrant hereby agrees to file with the Commission a copy of any instrument defining the rights of holders of the Registrant's long-term debt upon request of the Commission.
11	Statement re: computation of per share earnings	Not required to be filed
12	Statement re: computation of ratios	Filed herewith
15	Letter re: unaudited interim financial information	None
18	Letter re: change in accounting principles	None
19	Report furnished to security holders	None
22	Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security holders	None
23	Consents of experts and counsel	None
24	Power of attorney	None
99	Certification of periodic financial reports under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith

**BYLAWS
OF
RAYONIER INC.**

Effective February 16, 1996 May 17, 2002

BYLAWS

OF

RAYONIER INC.

ARTICLE 1 — OFFICES

Section 1. Offices. The principal office of the Corporation shall be located at Stamford, Connecticut Jacksonville, Florida. The Corporation may have offices at such other places, either within or without the State of North Carolina, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE 2 — MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. Place of Meeting. Meetings of Shareholders shall be held at such places, either within or without the State of North Carolina, as shall be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 2. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of Shareholders shall be held on such date and at such time as the Board of Directors shall determine each year in advance thereof, for the purpose of electing Directors of the Corporation and the transaction of such other business as may be a proper subject for action at the meeting.

Section 3. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Shareholders shall be held at such places and times as determined by the Board of Directors in their discretion as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 4. Notice of Meetings. At least 10 and no more than 60 days prior to any annual or special meeting of Shareholders, the Corporation shall notify Shareholders of the date, time and place of the meeting and, in the case of a special meeting or where otherwise required by the Articles of Incorporation or by law, shall briefly describe the purpose or purposes of the meeting. Only business within the purpose or purposes described in the notice may be conducted at a special meeting. Unless otherwise required by the Articles of Incorporation or by law, the Corporation shall be required to give notice only to Shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting. If an annual or special Shareholders' meeting is adjourned to a different date, time or place, notice thereof need not be given if the new date, time or place is announced at the meeting before adjournment. If a new record date for the adjourned meeting is fixed pursuant to Article 7, Section 5 hereof, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to persons who are Shareholders as of the new record date. If mailed, notice shall be deemed to be effective when deposited in the United States mail with postage thereon prepaid, correctly addressed to the Shareholder's address shown in the Corporation's current record of Shareholders.

Section 5. Quorum. Except as may be provided in the terms of a series of Preferred Stock, a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by a voting group on a matter, represented in person or by proxy at a meeting of Shareholders, shall constitute a quorum for that

voting group for any action on that matter, unless quorum requirements are otherwise fixed by a court of competent jurisdiction acting pursuant to Section 55-7-03 of the General Statutes of North Carolina. Once a share is represented for any purpose at a meeting, it is deemed present for quorum purposes for the remainder of the meeting and any adjournment thereof, unless a new record date is or must be set for the adjournment. Action may be taken by a voting group at any meeting at which a quorum of that voting group is represented, regardless of whether action is taken at that meeting by any other voting group. In the absence of a quorum at the opening of any meeting of Shareholders, such meeting may be adjourned from time to time by a vote of the majority of the shares voting on the motion to adjourn.

Section 6. Voting of Shares. Except as otherwise provided by the Articles of Incorporation or by law, each outstanding share of voting capital stock of the Corporation shall be entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote at a meeting of the Shareholders. Action on a matter by a voting group for which a quorum is present is approved if the votes cast within the voting group favoring the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the vote of a greater number is required by law, by the Articles of Incorporation, by rules of any exchange on which the voting group's stock is listed or by Section 55-10-03(c) of the North Carolina Business Corporation Act (the "NCBCA"). Voting on all matters shall be by ballot vote.

Section 7. Notice of Shareholder Proposal. For business proposed by a Shareholder (other than director nominations) to be a proper subject for action at an Annual Shareholders meeting, in addition to any requirement of law the Shareholder must timely request (by Certified Mail—Return Receipt Requested) that the proposal be included in the Corporation's proxy statement for the meeting, and such request must satisfy all of the provisions of Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Section 8. Postponement of Shareholders' Meeting. A scheduled annual or special meeting of Shareholders may be postponed by the Board of Directors by public notice given at or prior to the time of the meeting.

ARTICLE 3 — BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. General Powers. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Articles of Incorporation or by law, the Board of Directors shall have the exclusive power and authority to direct the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation and shall exercise all corporate powers, and possess all authority, necessary or appropriate to carry out the intent of this provision, and which are customarily exercised by the board of directors of a public company.

Section 2. Number, Term and Qualification. The number, term and qualification of Directors of the Corporation shall be as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 3. Removal. Directors may be removed from office only for the reasons, if any, specified in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 4. Vacancies. Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors shall be filled only as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 5. Compensation. Compensation for the services of Directors as such shall be determined exclusively by the Board of Directors as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE 4 — MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. Annual and Regular Meetings. All annual and regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such places and times as determined by the Board of Directors in their discretion as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 2. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such places and times as determined by the Board of Directors in their discretion as provided in the Articles of Incorporation.

Section 3. Notice of Meetings. Unless the Board of Directors by resolution determines otherwise in accordance with authority set forth in the Articles of Incorporation, all meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice of the date, time, place or purpose of the meeting. The Secretary shall give such notice of any meetings called by the Board by such means of communication as may be specified by the Board.

Section 4. Quorum. The percentage of Directors in office specified in the Articles of Incorporation will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board of Directors.

Section 5. Manner of Acting. A majority of Directors who are present at a meeting at which a quorum is present will constitute the required vote to effect any action taken by the Board of Directors.

Section 6. Action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all members of the Board. The action must be evidenced by one or more written consents signed by each Director before or after such action, describing the action taken, and included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records. Action taken without a meeting is effective when the last Director signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date.

Section 7. Meeting by Communications Device. The Board of Directors may permit Directors to participate in any meeting of the Board of Directors by, or conduct the meeting through the use of, any means of communication by which all Directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A Director participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

ARTICLE 5 — COMMITTEES

Section 1. Election and Powers. The Board of Directors may have such committees, with such members who shall have such powers and authority as may be determined by the Board of Directors as provided by the Articles of Incorporation. To the extent specified by the Board of Directors or in the Articles of Incorporation, each committee shall have and may

exercise the powers of the Board in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, except that no committee shall have authority to do the following:

- (a) Authorize distributions.
- (b) Approve or propose to Shareholders action required to be approved by Shareholders.
- (c) Fill vacancies on the Board of Directors or on any of its committees.
- (d) Amend the Articles of Incorporation.
- (e) Adopt, amend or repeal the bylaws.
- (f) Approve a plan of merger not requiring Shareholder approval.
- (g) Authorize or approve the reacquisition of shares, except according to a formula or method prescribed by the Board of Directors.
- (h) Authorize or approve the issuance, sale or contract for sale of shares, or determine the designation and relative rights, preferences and limitations of a class or series of shares, except that the Board of Directors may authorize a committee (or a senior executive officer of the Corporation) to do so within limits specifically prescribed by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. Removal; Vacancies. Unless the Board of Directors by resolution determines otherwise in accordance with authority specified in the Articles of Incorporation, any member of a committee may be removed at any time exclusively by the Board of Directors with or without cause, and vacancies in the membership of a committee as a result of death, resignation, disqualification or removal shall be filled by a majority of the whole Board of Directors.

Section 3. Meetings. The provisions of Article 4 governing meetings of the Board of Directors, action without meeting, notice, waiver of notice and quorum and voting requirements shall apply to the committees of the Board and its members to the extent not otherwise prescribed by the Board in the resolution authorizing the establishment of the committee.

Section 4. Minutes. Each committee shall keep minutes of its proceedings and shall report thereon to the Board of Directors at or before the next meeting of the Board.

ARTICLE 6 — OFFICERS

Section 1. Titles. Pursuant to authority conferred in the Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors shall have the exclusive power and authority to elect from time to time such officers of the Corporation, including a Chairman and a President (one of whom shall be the Chief Executive Officer), a Vice Chairman, one or more Executive Vice Presidents, one or more Senior Vice Presidents, one or more Vice Presidents, a Chief Financial Officer, a General Counsel, a Controller, a Treasurer, a Secretary, one or more Assistant

Controllers, one or more Assistant Treasurers, and one or more Assistant Secretaries, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary or desirable from time to time. The officers shall have the authority and perform the duties as set forth herein or as from time to time may be prescribed by the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same individual, but no officer may act in more than one capacity where action of two or more officers is required.

The officers of the Corporation may appoint one or more individuals to hold a position which includes one of the titles indicated above. An individual holding such title by virtue of being so appointed rather than by virtue of being elected to such position by the Board of Directors shall not be an officer of the Corporation for purposes of the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws, but such individual shall have such duties as may be prescribed by the officer or officers appointing him or her.

Section 2. Election; Removal. Pursuant to authority conferred in the Articles of Incorporation, the officers of the Corporation shall be elected exclusively by the Board of Directors and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board as specified at the time of their election, until their successors are elected and qualify, or until the earlier of their resignation or removal. Pursuant to authority conferred in the Articles of Incorporation, any officer may be removed by the Board at any time with or without cause.

Section 3. Compensation. Pursuant to authority conferred in the Articles of Incorporation, the compensation of the officers shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Section 4. General Powers of Officers. Except as may be otherwise provided in these bylaws or in the NCBCA, the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, the President, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President, any Vice President, the Chief Financial Officer, the General Counsel, the Controller, the Treasurer, the Secretary, or any one of them, may (i) execute and deliver in the name of the Corporation, in the name of any division of the Corporation or in both names any agreement, contract, deed, instrument, power of attorney or other document pertaining to the business or affairs of the Corporation or any division of the Corporation, and (ii) delegate to any employee or agent the power to execute and deliver any such agreement, contract, deed, instrument, power of attorney or other document.

Section 5. Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation shall report directly to the Board. Except in such instances as the Board may confer powers in particular transactions upon any other officer, and subject to the control and direction of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer shall manage the business and affairs of the Corporation and shall communicate to the Board and any committee thereof reports, proposals and recommendations for their respective consideration or action. He may do and perform all acts on behalf of the Corporation.

Section 6. Chairman. The Chairman shall preside at meetings of the Board of Directors and the Shareholders and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board may prescribe or as may be prescribed in these bylaws.

Section 7. Vice Chairman. The Vice Chairman shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board or the Chairman (to the extent he is authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may from time to time prescribe or as may be prescribed in these bylaws.

Section 8. President. The President shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board and the Chief Executive Officer (to the extent he is authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may from time to time prescribe or as may be prescribed in these bylaws.

Section 9. Executive Vice Presidents, Senior Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents. The Executive Vice Presidents, Senior Vice Presidents and Vice Presidents shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer (to the extent he is authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may from time to time prescribe or as may be prescribed in these bylaws.

Section 10. Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer (to the extent he is authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may from time to time prescribe or as may be prescribed in these bylaws. The Chief Financial Officer shall present to the Board such balance sheets, income statements, budgets and other financial statements and reports as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer (to the extent he is authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may require and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed or assigned pursuant to these bylaws and all other acts incident to the position of Chief Financial Officer.

Section 11. Controller. The Controller shall be responsible for the maintenance of adequate accounting records of all assets, liabilities, capital and transactions of the Corporation. The Controller shall prepare such balance sheets, income statements, budgets and other financial statements and reports as the Board or the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to prescribe the authority and duties of other officers) may require, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed or assigned pursuant to these bylaws and all other acts incident to the position of Controller.

Section 12. Treasurer.

(a) The Treasurer shall have the care and custody of all the funds and securities of the Corporation except as may be otherwise ordered by the Board, and shall cause such funds (i) to be invested or reinvested from time to time for the benefit of the Corporation as may be designated by the Board or by the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations), or (ii) to be deposited to the credit of the Corporation in such banks or depositories as may be designated by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations), and shall cause such securities to be placed in safekeeping in such manner as may be designated by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations).

(b) The Treasurer or such other person or persons as may be designated for such purpose by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations) may endorse in the name and on behalf of the Corporation all instruments for the payment of

money, bills of lading, warehouse receipts, insurance policies and other commercial documents requiring such endorsement.

(c) The Treasurer or such other person or persons as may be designated for such purpose by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer (to the extent they are authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations), (i) may sign all receipts and vouchers for payments made to the Corporation; (ii) shall prepare a statement of the cash account of the Corporation to the Board as often as it shall require the same; and (iii) shall enter regularly in books to be kept for that purpose full and accurate account of all moneys received and paid on account of the Corporation and of all securities received and delivered by the Corporation.

(d) The Treasurer shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed or assigned pursuant to these bylaws and all other acts incident to the position of Treasurer.

Section 13. Secretary. The Secretary shall keep the minutes of all proceedings of the Shareholders, the Board and the Committees of the Board. The Secretary shall attend to the giving and serving of all notices of the Corporation, in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws and as required by the laws of the State of North Carolina. The Secretary shall cause to be prepared and maintained (i) at the office of the Corporation a stock ledger containing the names and addresses of all Shareholders and the number of shares held by each and (ii) any list of Shareholders required by law to be prepared for any meeting of Shareholders. The Secretary shall be responsible for the custody of all stock books and of all unissued stock certificates. The Secretary shall be the custodian of the seal of the Corporation. The Secretary shall affix or cause to be affixed the seal of the Corporation to such contracts, instruments and other documents requiring the seal of the Corporation, and when so affixed may attest the same and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed or assigned pursuant to these bylaws and all other acts incident to the position of Secretary.

Section 14. Voting Upon Securities. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, the Chairman, the President, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President shall have full power and authority in behalf of the Corporation to attend, act and vote at meetings of the security holders of any entity in which this Corporation may hold securities, and at such meetings shall possess and may exercise any and all rights and powers incident to the ownership of such securities and which, as the owner, the Corporation might have possessed and exercised if present. The Board of Directors may by resolution from time to time confer such power and authority upon any other person or persons.

Section 15. Continuing Determination by Board. All powers and duties of the officers shall be subject to a continuing determination by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 7 — CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. Certificates. Unless the Board determines otherwise, shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be represented by certificates. The name and address of the persons to whom shares of capital stock of the Corporation are issued, with the number of shares and date of issue, shall be entered on the stock transfer records of the Corporation. Certificates for shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be in such form not inconsistent with the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation as shall be approved by the Board of Directors.

Each certificate shall be signed (either manually or by facsimile) by (a) the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, the President or any Vice President and by the Secretary, Assistant Secretary, Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer or (b) any two officers designated by the Board of Directors. Each certificate may be sealed with the seal of the Corporation or a facsimile thereof.

Section 2. Transfer of Shares. Transfer of shares shall be made on the stock transfer records of the Corporation, and transfers shall be made only upon surrender of the certificate for the shares sought to be transferred by the record holder or by a duly authorized agent, transferee or legal representative. All certificates surrendered for transfer or reissue shall be canceled before new certificates for the shares shall be issued.

Section 3. Transfer Agent and Registrar. The Board of Directors may appoint one or more transfer agents and one or more registrars of transfers and may require all stock certificates to be signed or countersigned by the transfer agent and registered by the registrar of transfers.

Section 4. Regulations. The Board of Directors may make rules and regulations as it deems expedient concerning the issue, transfer and registration of shares of capital stock of the Corporation.

Section 5. Fixing Record Date. For the purpose of determining Shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of Shareholders, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or in order to make a determination of Shareholders for any other purpose, the Board of Directors may fix in advance a date as the record date for the determination of Shareholders. The record date shall be not more than 70 days before the meeting or action requiring a determination of Shareholders. A determination of Shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a Shareholders' meeting shall be effective for any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date, which it shall do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than 120 days after the date fixed for the original meeting.

Section 6. Lost Certificates. The Board of Directors must authorize the issuance of a new certificate in place of a certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, upon receipt of (a) an affidavit from the person explaining the loss, destruction or wrongful taking, and (b) a bond from the claimant in a sum as the Corporation may reasonably direct to indemnify the Corporation against loss from any claim with respect to the certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken. The Board of Directors may, in its discretion, waive the affidavit and bond and authorize the issuance of a new certificate in place of a certificate claimed to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken.

ARTICLE 8 — GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. Dividends and other Distributions. The Board of Directors may from time to time declare and the Corporation may pay dividends or make other distributions with respect to its outstanding shares in the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided by law.

Section 2. Seal. The seal of the Corporation shall be any form approved from time to time or at any time by the Board of Directors.

Section 3. Waiver of Notice. Whenever notice is required to be given to a Shareholder, director or other person under the provisions of these bylaws, the Articles of Incorporation or applicable law, a waiver in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice, whether before or after the date and time stated in the notice, and delivered to the Corporation shall be equivalent to giving the notice.

Section 4. Depositories. The Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer, and the Treasurer are each authorized to designate depositories for the funds of the Corporation deposited in its name or that of a division of the Corporation, or both, and the signatories with respect thereto in each case, and from time to time, to change such depositories and signatories, with the same force and effect as if each such depository and the signatories with respect thereto and changes therein had been specifically designated or authorized by the Board; and each depository designated by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer, or the Treasurer shall be entitled to rely upon the certificate of the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Corporation or of a division of the Corporation setting forth the fact of such designation and of the appointment of the officers of the Corporation or of the Division or of both or of other persons who are to be signatories with respect to the withdrawal of funds deposited with such depository, or from time to time the fact of any change in any depository or in the signatories with respect thereto.

Section 5. Signatories. Unless otherwise designated by the Board or by the Chairman, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer, all notes, drafts, checks, acceptances, orders for the payment of money shall be (a) signed by the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer and (b) countersigned by the Controller or any Assistant Controller, or either signed or countersigned by the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, the President, any Executive Vice President, any Senior Vice President or any Vice President in lieu of either the officers designated in (a) or the officers designated in (b) of this Section.

Section 6. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. Amendment. These bylaws may be amended or repealed by the Board of Directors, including any bylaw adopted, amended or repealed by the Shareholders generally. These bylaws may be amended or repealed by the Shareholders even though the bylaws may also be amended or repealed by the Board of Directors.

RAYONIER INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

(Unaudited)
(Thousands of dollars)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2002	2001
	As restated, See Note 2	As restated, See Note 2
Earnings:		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 26,570	\$ 43,623
Add:		
Income taxes	10,350	22,060
Amortization of capitalized interest	1,313	1,289
	38,233	66,972
Adjustments to earnings for fixed charges:		
Interest and other financial charges	30,817	37,067
Interest attributable to rentals	817	863
	31,634	37,930
Earnings as Adjusted	\$ 69,867	\$ 104,902
Total Fixed Charges Above	\$ 31,634	\$ 37,930
Ratio of Earnings as Adjusted to Total Fixed Charges	2.21	2.77

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC FINANCIAL REPORTS UNDER SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned hereby certify that this Form 10-Q/A fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained herein fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Rayonier Inc.

/s/ W. L. NUTTER

/s/ GERALD J. POLLACK

W. L. Nutter
Chairman, President and
Chief Executive Officer

Gerald J. Pollack
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

April 11, 2003